Every country has poor people and every country has different ways of dealing with the poor.

What are some of the reasons for world poverty? What can we do to help the poor?

Amin

Wouldn't it be eye-opening news, if you heard about <u>four 4</u> out of ten people are engaged in poverty? World poverty is one the most severe problems <u>lack of attention to which it</u> has <u>converted</u> it to even the worst challenge throughout the world. This essay focuses on a number of factors contributing to the issue and then offers feasible resolutions to address it.

World poverty stems from quite different yet widespread causes, thereby having diverse reasons. Hence, not only unindustrialized but also even fully developed countries are tackling the problem. Geographically located at a region where they do not possess fertile natural resources, undeveloped countries, particularly in Africa, are experiencing casualties resulting from starvation per annum. Exploiting resources of undeveloped countries and at the same breath depriving the nations of their own supplies, industrial countries are also playing their role in world poverty. In addition, the main culprit of world poverty, in whether developing or none-developing countries, seems to be traced in education. If everyone does have an equal opportunity to be educated, the world will witness a humane life with much less without poverty.

For industrial countries the nature of poverty's nature is completely different. Such countries are likely to suffer from capitalism according to which monetary monitory supports are not fairly distributed among the nations. Plus, lazy people in the countries are not interested in possessing a job and leading a successful life-style, despite substantial state supports.

A variety of solutions have been devised to remove/eliminate poverty in the world. For famine-stricken countries deprived of natural resources, the UN should implement its financial aid with the help of wealthier countries. Secondly, underdeveloped countries' nations will not benefit from the resources of their own countries, unless the UN prevents the industrial countries from taking advantage of the poor countries' supplies. Besides, providing free yet premium quality education for all children and at the same time supervising their parents to stop misusing their children, the governments in developing countries should look forward to fell poverty in the next generations.

For fully-developed countries resolutions include following up on policies based on which capitals are evenly distributed evenly among the public. The governments are also advised not to offer the needy any regular cash payment. Instead, they had better/should provide the poor with hot food and quarters to make sure they will make their best effort to raise their living standards. (food stamps)

In conclusion, the seeds of poverty may vary in every spot of the world. Adequate knowledge is required to identify the main causes in each country to devise a powerful strategy to cut poverty off the humane life.